**Linux curl command**

The curl command transfers data to or from a network server, using one of the supported protocols (HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, FTPS, SCP, SFTP, TFTP, DICT, TELNET, LDAP or FILE). It is designed to work without user interaction, so it is ideal for use in a shell script.

SYNTAX:

curl [*options*] [*URL*...]

For all the options of curl use the following link

https://www.computerhope.com/unix/curl.htm